

OPERATOR'S MANUAL

LIBERTY DiTM

ATTENTION

To use your instrument under average conditions, set each of the controls to their  position.



**A Message from
Mr. Kenneth White, Sr.
President, White's Electronics**

Congratulations! You are now the proud owner of one of the world's finest metal detectors. You'll enjoy the many relaxing hours you'll spend with your new detector.

Ahead of you lie many exciting experiences you'll never forget. For years to come, you'll have yarns to spin about the places you'll visit, the people you'll meet, the history you'll learn, and the treasures and relics you'll uncover. We envy your journey and wish you every success.

Before we tell you how to assemble and operate your instrument, there are two important points to leave you with:

1. Your new detector is precision-made and has been carefully tested at our factory. Properly cared for, it will last for years and years. Treat it like a good friend and it should never let you down.
2. Any piece of fine equipment is only as good as the person operating it. Become very familiar with your instrument. Practice as much as you can. Soon it will become part of you.

You and your metal detector will make an outstanding team. We've known many "shooters" who could follow in the tracks of others and find buried coins and rings the others had missed. You've got the equipment to outshoot most anyone. Now all you need is the practice.

Good Hunting,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Kenneth White". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

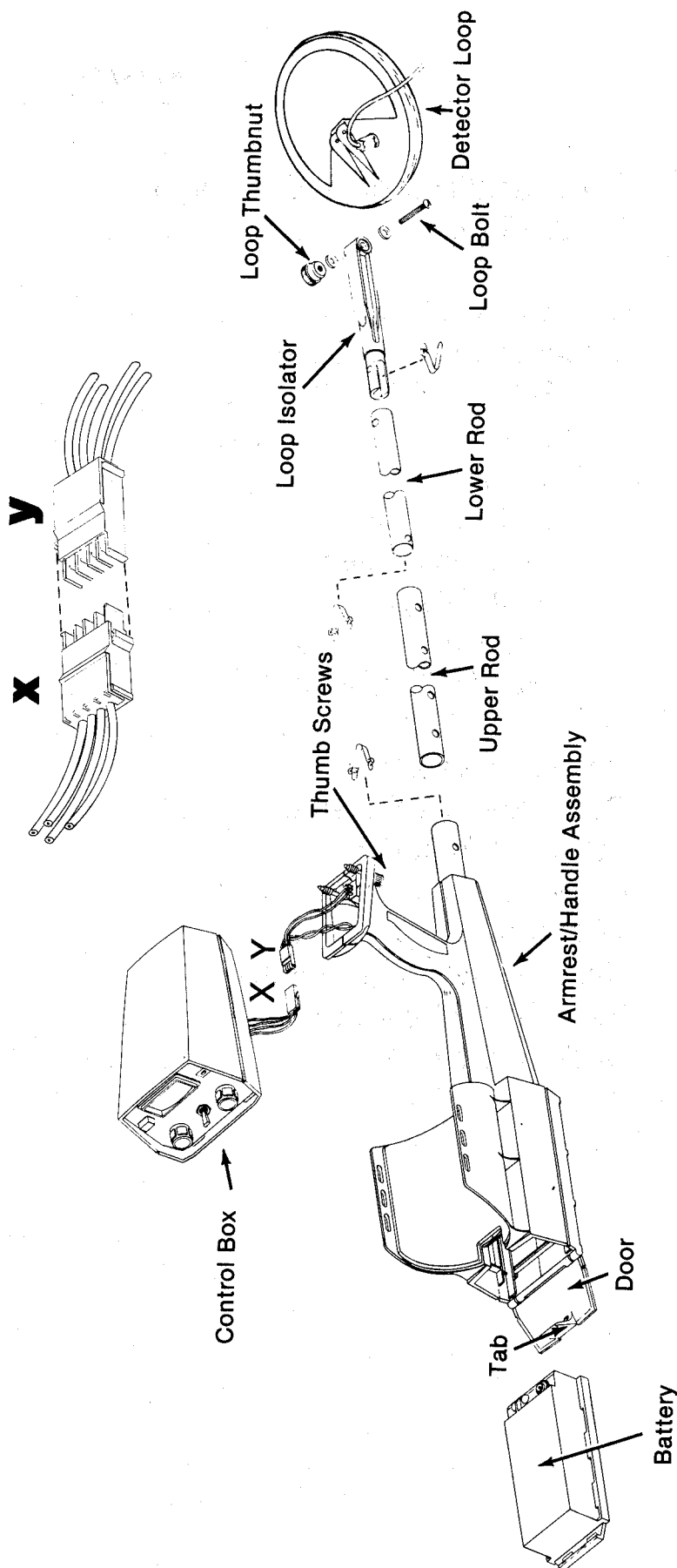
Kenneth White, Sr.

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Assembly Instructions

1. Join connector X to Y until fully engaged. (See drawing.) Store excess cable in grip cavity.
2. Position Control Box onto Armrest/Handle Assembly, being careful not to pinch connecting cable.
3. Hand tighten thumb screws snugly, joining Control Box to Assembly.
4. Assemble Rod, Isolator, and Loop as shown on drawing.
5. Wind first revolution of loop cable over top of loop isolator and around rod. Plug loop connector into rear of control box.
6. Install battery as shown. To open battery door, apply firm pressure to tab at top of door. (See drawing.)



USING PRESET

To use your Liberty Di under average conditions, set each control to its  position. If you need to fine tune the instrument to operate in other than average conditions, please refer to the following pages for more detailed information.

MORE ABOUT PRESET

As with any metal detector, PRESET  is not the "preferred" mode of operation. The best results are always obtained by setting the controls for the exact conditions of the area. However, for the beginner, setting the controls to PRESET  can give very satisfactory performance with a minimum of effort.

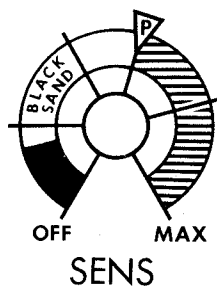
Remember, PRESET  is designed for good performance under average conditions. In areas with extreme mineralization, it may be necessary to fine tune the instrument as described in the following pages.

QUICK TUNING

1. Set all controls to PRESET .
2. Holding the loop waist high, squeeze and hold the trigger switch.
3. Still holding in the trigger switch with the loop at waist level, push the AGEB switch into the AIR position and release. The instrument should respond with a beep.
4. Still holding in the trigger switch, place the loop flat on the ground and pull the AGEB switch into the GND (track) position. Don't move the loop until the instrument beeps.
5. Still holding in the trigger switch, lift the loop and listen for a change in threshold tone. If the tone doesn't change, the instrument is ground balanced. If the tone changes, move over and repeat steps 3 and 4.
6. You may now release the trigger switch and begin to detect. The loop must be in motion for this instrument to detect. (The Liberty Di's primary mode of operation is GEB/DISC or motion discriminate.)
7. To pinpoint a signal and determine depth, squeeze and hold the trigger switch while x'ing the target. Always squeeze and release the trigger switch with the loop at waist level before continuing to search.

Explanation of Controls:

SENSITIVITY



Quicklook

1. The Sensitivity Control turns the instrument on and off, increases or decreases detector sensitivity, and compensates for highly conductive ground such as black sand or salt water.
2. The Sensitivity Control effects both GEB/DISC and GEB/All Metals modes.

More about SENSITIVITY

If highly mineralized ground or radio interference cause erratic behavior, reducing the sensitivity will improve operation. As a general rule, PRESET ∇ ™ works well for operating under average conditions.

Use this simple procedure for correctly setting the sensitivity. After ground balancing, find an area free of targets. Sweep the loop as you would while searching and turn the sensitivity knob clockwise until the detector responds to the ground. Back the knob off (counterclockwise) to just below where the instrument responds to the ground. This setting gives good results under most conditions.

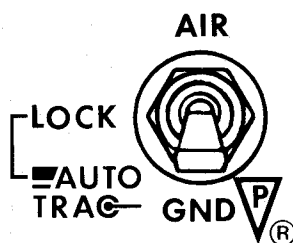
For extremely high ground mineralization, black sand or salt, set the sensitivity control to the area marked Black Sand.

The instrument should be ground balanced after drastic sensitivity adjustments. The Depth Meter readings will vary with each change of the Sensitivity control. Refer to the section describing the Meter for more information.

Explanation of Controls:

AGEB

(Automatic Ground Exclusion Balance)



Quicklook

The AGEB switch is used to balance the detector to the ground in the search area. This allows the detector to find coins and metal objects in the presence of ground mineralization. The detector needs to be balanced each time you begin to search an area.

1. To Ground Balance the detector, set all controls to PRESET .
2. Hold the loop waist level, away from any metals, and squeeze and hold the trigger switch (GEB/All Metals mode).
3. Still holding the loop waist high and squeezing the trigger switch, push the AGEB switch into the AIR position and release. The instrument will respond with a beep.
4. Still holding in the trigger switch, place the loop flat on the ground and pull the switch into the GND(track) position. Don't move the loop until the instrument beeps.
5. Still holding in the trigger switch, lift the loop and note any change in threshold tone. If the tone doesn't change, the instrument is ground balanced. If the tone changes, move over and repeat steps 3 and 4.
6. Leave the AGEB switch in the Track position and the instrument will automatically continue to adjust the ground balance. Move the switch to the center LOCK position to lock the ground balance setting. (We suggest Track for most conditions.)

You are now ready to search. The loop must be in motion to detect. To determine depth and to pinpoint, squeeze and hold the trigger switch while x'ing the target. The detector can also be balanced in GEB/DISC mode by performing steps 1 thru 4 without holding in the trigger. However, verifying a correct balance (step 5) must be done with the trigger held in (GEB/All Metals mode).

More about AGEB/Automatic Ground Exclusion Balance

Air Balancing Hints:

When tuning the AGEB (automatic ground exclusion balance), an "air balance" operation should always be followed by placing the search coil flat on the ground and pulling the AGEB switch into the GND(Track) position. Hold the loop still until the detector beeps. Waiting for extended periods between these operations can cause a ground balance error as well as audio drift. It is good practice to complete these two functions immediately. Once the ground balance is completed, the setting is locked in and the air balance circuit has no further effect.

Ground Balancing Hints:

The two main concerns during the ground balance operation are the tilt angle of the loop, and balancing over targets. If the tilt angle of the loop changes between air balance and ground balance, it will cause an error in the GEB setting. The amount of error depends on how much the loop is tilted. To avoid the problem, set the loop at the desired angle before the air/ground sequence and tighten the screw enough that the loop doesn't move when placed on the ground. If the loop does tilt when placed on the ground, simply repeat the air balance before ground balancing. Once the air/ground sequence is complete, changing the tilt angle of the loop will not effect the GEB setting.

The outcome of ground balancing can be checked. Squeeze and hold the trigger switch and move the loop over the ground. If the threshold goes away everywhere except the spot you balanced over, then you've balanced over a target. Move the loop over and try again.

If the threshold gets louder everywhere, then the ground is outside the instrument's GEB range. If the threshold doesn't change between air and ground, the instrument is ground balanced.

GEB Tracking:

Another function of the AGEB switch is to select GEB Tracking. GEB tracking enables the instrument to "self adjust" its GEB setting. As the loop is swept, the tracking system makes incremental adjustments that compensate for changes in the ground. This keeps the instrument ground balanced even if the ground changes as you hunt.

Tracking can be selected by leaving the AGEB switch in the GND (Track) position after completing the air/ground sequence. When the trigger switch is squeezed and held or pushed forward and locked, switching to All Metals, the instrument will not track.

The center (Lock) position of the AGEB switch turns GEB tracking off. With the switch in this position, the AGEB setting remains "locked" where it was last set by the tracking system or by the air/ground sequence.

Other GEB/Tracking Hints:

The GEB tracking system is always adjusting to the low point of the sweep. If you search with the loop 2" off the ground, that is where the tracking system will balance. If you then check for ground balance with the loop flat on the ground, the GEB setting will be wrong. Thus, it is important to keep the loop close to the ground. If you use an arcing sweep, make sure that its low point is touching or almost touching the ground. If you use a flat sweep, keep it as close to the ground as possible. This should help keep the instrument accurately balanced.

If the area you search has enough junk that there are always targets under the loop, the tracking system will tend to average these targets. This is also true of areas with large amounts of rust in the ground. If you then move outside the littered area and check ground balance, the setting will probably be wrong. If you continue to hunt as you move out of the littered area, the tracking system should adjust to the cleaner ground.

Although the tracking system works well in most areas, there may be conditions in which it gives poor results. In these areas, balance using the air/ground sequence and then return the GEB switch to the center (LOCK) position. This turns off the tracking system and should give results similar to a manual GEB instrument.

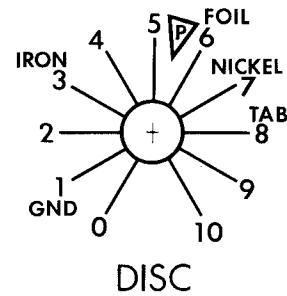
Rules of thumb:

Here are some suggestions that should make AGEB operation easier:

1. Although the instrument will ground balance in either mode, it is suggested that balancing be done while squeezing the trigger switch (All Metals mode). This allows the user to hear if the ground is outside the instrument's range and he can immediately verify his results. The GEB status cannot be checked in the discriminate mode.
2. Don't release the trigger switch between air and ground balancing. It can cause confusing audio indications and the time spent switching between modes will add to the air balance drift error.
3. If the instrument doesn't succeed in balancing, try again. If you make some inadvertent error, such as tilting the loop or moving it before the ground balance cycle is complete, repeating the air/ground sequence will almost always correct the problem.

Explanation of Controls:

DISC



DISC KNOB RANGE (AUDIO)						
			METER VDI RANGE			
GROUND	SALT (Beach)	IRON	RINGS			Penny ——— Dollar
			Foil	Nickel	Tab	

Comparison chart to illustrate the effective range of the YDI METER and the DISC knob.

Quicklook

1. The DISC (Discrimination) control sets the detector to audibly distinguish between desirable and undesirable targets.

The DISC control allows the user to selectively interpret targets within the range of the above chart. The user sets the discriminate point with the knob, slightly below the desired target (see above chart).

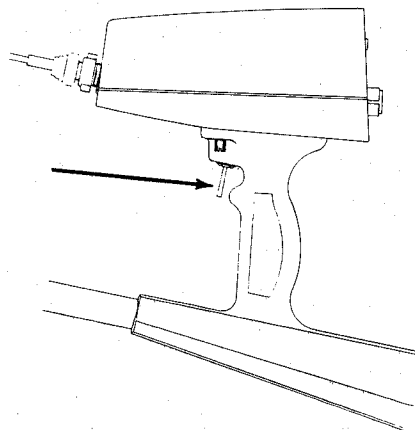
The audio response of targets above the DISC setpoint produce louder tones. Targets below the setpoint produce softer or broken tones.

EXAMPLE: With the DISC control set at ∇ , nickels and all other U.S. coins will produce a louder, solid tone. Nails and other iron will produce a broken, softer tone.

2. The DISC control effects the Audio Discriminator. It does not effect the Visual Discrimination readings.
3. Discrimination should be used only as necessary to avoid passing over desirable targets.

EXAMPLE: When the DISC control is set to reject pulltabs or screw caps, the U.S. nickel, some thin rings, and other valuable items may also be rejected.

Explanation of Controls: **TRIGGER SWITCH**



Quicklook

1. The Trigger Switch changes the detector's operating mode, retunes, and switches the meter from Visual Discrimination to Depth Reading.
 - a. Mode Changing: Whenever the Trigger Switch is squeezed and held, or pushed forward, the operating mode will change from GEB/DISC (motion discrimination) to GEB/All Metals (non-motion mode).
 - b. Retuning: Squeeze and release the trigger Switch with the loop at waist level. This must be done after any control has been adjusted.
 - c. Meter Switching: When the Trigger Switch is squeezed, the meter reading changes from Visual Discrimination to Depth Reading.
2. The mode and meter changes activated by squeezing the Trigger are locked into place when the Trigger Switch is pushed forward.

De-Tuning Method

1. Squeeze and hold the Trigger Switch.
2. Move the loop towards the target until the tone reaches its maximum level. At this point, move the loop across the target at a right angle until again the tone reaches its maximum level.
3. Squeeze and hold the Trigger several times as you move the loop over the target area. You will be trying to narrow the detector's response to the target so it will be easier to tell when the center of the loop is directly over the target.
4. When the target is pinpointed, move the loop off to one side.
5. Squeeze and hold in the Trigger (establishing Depth Reading on the Meter). Move the loop back over the target. Read the depth of the target and recover the object. Note: Depth Reading is most accurate on coinsized objects.

Depth Reading Method

1. Once you have determined a target is worth digging, squeeze and hold in the Trigger. This activates Depth Reading on the Meter.
2. Watch the Meter as the loop is moved over the target area.
3. When the Meter needle reaches its farthest position to the right, (the shallowest depth), the target is directly below the center of the loop. Read the Depth and recover.

Accurate pinpointing makes recovering objects easier; it minimizes the possibility of damaging the object; and, it minimizes damage to the area. Pinpointing is an important part of successful treasure hunting. Experience will help you develop personal techniques.

Overload

To prevent incorrect readings, your metal detector is equipped with an overload protection circuit. When a target is too large, the audio tone is cut short and the VDI scale indicates the last good reading before the overload occurred. This prevents incorrect VDI or audio indication during overload. Normal operation over large targets can be restored by raising the loop or reducing your sweep speed until the audio tone returns to normal length.

Operating Modes: GEB/DISC and GEB/ALL METALS

Quicklook

1. The Liberty Di's primary mode of operation is GEB/DISC or motion discriminate.
2. When the Trigger Switch is squeezed and held or pushed forward and locked, the instrument will change to All Metal/Non Discriminate GEB mode.

More about GEB/DISC

The GEB/DISC mode is used to reject both ground and junk items (such as nails, tin, bottlecaps, and pulltabs). The DISC control setting determines which targets will be replaced. Targets above the DISC setpoint produce louder tones. Targets below the setpoint produce softer or broken tones.

The loop must be in motion (swept) to detect in GEB/DISC mode. When the loop is passed over a target, the instrument will give an audible signal. However, if the loop is stopped over the target, the signal will disappear. To pinpoint, squeeze and hold the trigger. This puts the detector in the GEB/All Metals mode and the meter reads depth.

The GEB/DISC mode is best used in areas where there is a great deal of junk (pulltabs, nails and bottlecaps, etc.).

More about GEB/ALL METALS

The GEB/ALL METALS mode detects all metals while neutralizing the effects of ground mineralization. When using GEB/All Metals, the instrument must be ground balanced using the AGE switch. The loop does not have to be in motion to detect. Tracking does not function in this mode. The meter will always indicate depth when operation in GEB/All Metals. This mode is most useful for pinpointing or in areas where there is little junk.

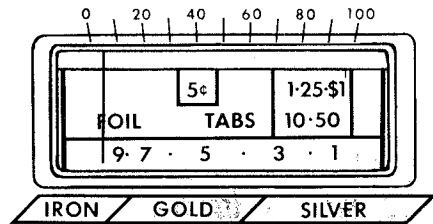
Explanation of controls: **T-HOLD (Threshold)**



Quicklook

1. The T-Hold button allows selection of either silent or audio search in the GEB/DISC mode.
2. Always use audio search during the tuning process. This allows for testing of the tuning procedure.
3. After completion of the tuning process, silent search may be selected depending on personal preference.
4. No significant difference in sensitivity should be noted between Audio and Silent search position.
5. The T-Hold button has no effect on GEB/All Metal mode.

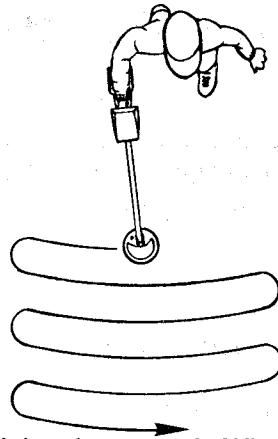
METER



1. The METER indicates the following information:
 - a. VDI (Visual Discrimination Indicator) scale shows the probable identity of various targets and is calibrated to indicate U.S. coins only. The loop must be in motion for VDI to function.
 - b. Reference Scale indicates the target's response in terms of numbers between 0-100. Most objects will register at the same number on the 0-100 Reference Scale consistently. This allows an item to be logged and recognized whenever the METER needle indicates that reference number.
 - c. The Depth Reading scale indicates the depth of coinsized objects from surface to 9 inches.
2. The METER indicates Visual Discrimination unless the Trigger Switch is squeezed and held or pushed forward to lock. At this point the meter changes to Depth Reading until the Trigger Switch is released or returned to the center position.
3. The METER usually indicates a target's probable identity after one or two sweeps with the loop.
 - a. The METER will continue showing this indication until another target is detected or the Trigger Switch is squeezed and released.
 - b. Squeezing and releasing the Trigger Switch will reset the meter needle to "0".
4. The Depth Meter is calibrated to read depth (in inches) on a coin-sized object with the Sensitivity at PRESET ∇_{TW} . The Sensitivity Control is scaled so that each division represents approximately 1" depth change at mid-scale (3") on the meter. The user can estimate approximate depth on sensitivity settings other than PRESET ∇_{TW} as follows:
 - a. Add 1" to the Depth Meter reading for each clockwise division above PRESET ∇_{TW} on the Sensitivity Control.
 - b. Subtract 1" from the Depth Meter reading for each counterclockwise division below PRESET ∇_{TW} on the Sensitivity Control.

Keep in mind that this is only an approximation and will be less accurate towards the extreme ends of the depth scale. For more accurate readings, set the Sensitivity Control to PRESET ∇_{TW} .

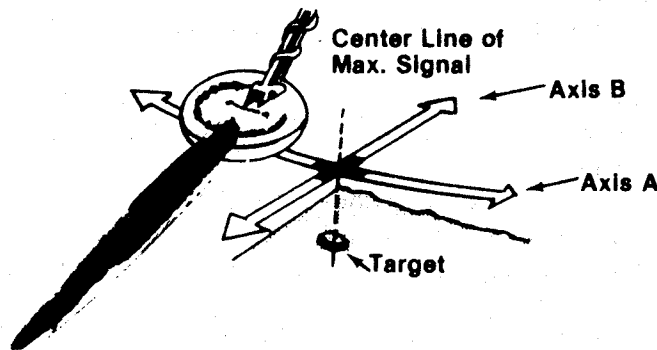
SEARCH METHODS



1. Always keep the loop flat and parallel to the ground. When raised, the depth penetration is decreased.
2. Swing the loop in front while searching. Each swing may cover an area from 4-6 feet in width.
3. The loop should be passed along the ground in smooth, even swings. It does not have to be swung quickly.
4. When a target is detected, sweep it from several directions, noting its Audio and Visual Characteristics.
5. Before recovering an item, note its depth on the Meter. This will help avoid hitting and marring the object during removal.

Pinpointing

It is possible to pinpoint in two ways: De-Tuning, using the loudest volume, or using Depth Reading with the Trigger held in.



RECHARGEABLE BATTERIES

Rechargeable Nickel Cadmium batteries are included with this instrument. These can be recharged up to 1000 times and should last between 8-10 hours after a full charge. Charge the Rechargeable Batteries before their first use.

Recharge the Batteries:

1. If the batteries have not been recharged for more than two months. (Batteries slowly lose their charge when stored.)
2. NOTE: Charge the batteries only as necessary. Unnecessary recharging shortens the life of the battery pack.

NOTE: Batteries will last longer when headphones are used.

Operating the Charger

1. Remove the battery pack from the instrument.
2. Insert the charger plug into the battery pack.
3. Plug the charger into an electrical outlet.
4. The pack will be fully charged within 10 hours.

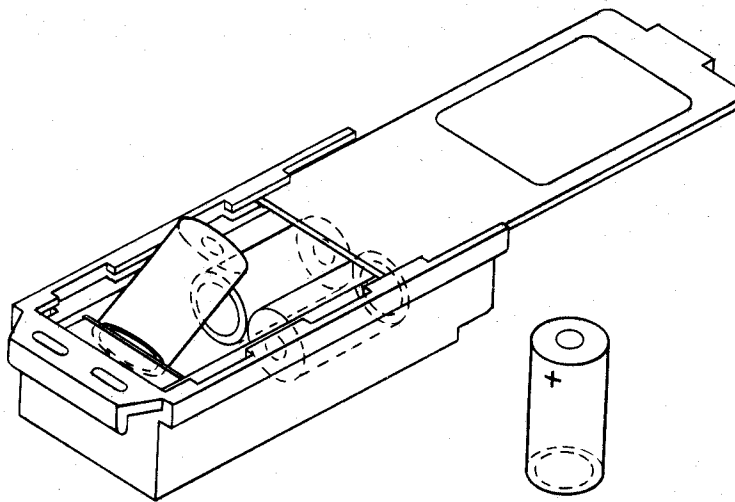
Cautions about Batteries

1. The battery pack should not be left on the charger more than 24 hours.
2. Do not dispose of batteries in a fire.
3. Protect the battery pack from being shorted. Burns may result and the battery pack may be damaged.
4. The rechargeable battery system, (charger and pack), has a specific charger current. Do not attempt to mix other chargers or packs with this system. Batteries may explode if a charger current is too high.
5. Non-rechargeable batteries may explode if they are recharged.
6. Store batteries in a cool, dry place.
7. An absolute discharge may damage the rechargeable battery. Avoid completely draining the rechargeable battery.
8. The rechargeable battery pack is a sealed unit with no customer serviceable parts. Opening it may damage the unit and will void the warranty.

STANDARD BATTERIES

The standard battery pack holds four Alkaline batteries. **Alkaline batteries are the only disposable batteries recommended for this instrument.** To insert these batteries, proceed as follows:

1. Remove the battery holder from the instrument and hold with the label side up.
2. Grasp the tab at the bottom of the battery pack just below the label.
3. Gently pull the tab towards you slightly and slide down, exposing the battery compartment.
4. Install the two batteries nearest the battery door. Make sure the + and - terminals are positioned according to the diagram inside the battery compartment. The second two batteries will require firm pressure against the foam contact using your thumb and index finger. Once installed, close the battery compartment door.
5. If the "C" cell batteries are installed backwards, the instrument will not operate.
6. When storing the standard battery pack for a prolonged period of time, remove the batteries from the holder. Standard batteries will corrode, damaging the holder.
7. Install the battery holder contact terminal end first.



PROPER CARE OF YOUR DETECTOR

The following are precautions you should take to protect your instrument from harm, ensure its long life, and avoid nullifying the warranty.

Cleaning: The loop and probe are waterproof. They can be cleaned with fresh water and a mild cleanser. After cleaning, however, dry the instrument thoroughly. **CAUTION:** The instrument case is not waterproof, and water - if allowed to enter it - will damage electronic components. **Weather Conditions:** Protect your detector from excessively cold weather. Freezing can damage the electronic components, the case and/or battery. Excessive heat can also damage the instrument. Never leave it in the sun. If it's left in a car on a hot day, cover it to protect it from the direct rays of the sun, and then leave the windows slightly open to permit ventilation. Protect your detector if you operate it in the rain, as water may get into the instrument case.

Salt Water: Salt water is very corrosive! Immediately after your detector has been exposed to salt water, rinse it thoroughly with fresh water, being careful not to allow water to enter the instrument case. Then wipe it with a cloth dampened with fresh water and dry it thoroughly.

Additional Precautions:

- Avoid dropping your detector.

- Do not use any lubricants on any part of your metal detector.

- Avoid sharp jars to the loop.

- Do not allow battery to corrode inside the instrument.

- Do not alter or modify your instrument during its warranty period. Alterations will void the warranty.

White's Electronic's Limited Warranty

If within two years (24 months) from the original date of purchase your White's detector fails through normal use or due to defects in either material or workmanship, White's Electronics will repair or replace, at its option, all necessary parts without charge for parts or labor.

Simply return the detector to the dealer where you purchased it. The unit must be accompanied by a completed service coupon provided by your dealer. You must provide proof of date of purchase before the unit is shipped.

If the unit has failed within the first 90 days of purchase, shipping will be prepaid.

If the unit fails after the first 90-day period, the customer is responsible for shipping costs. Please also include \$5.00 for return postage, handling and insurance.

Items excluded from this warranty are non-rechargeable batteries, headphones, and other accessories.

The warranty is not transferable. Nor is it valid unless the Warranty Registration Card is returned to the factory address below within ten (10) days of original purchase for purpose of recording that date, which is the actual commencement date of the warranty.

The warranty does not cover damage to detectors caused by accident, misuse, neglect, alterations, modifications, or unauthorized use.

Duration of implied warranties (e.g., merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose) shall not be longer than the stated warranty.

Neither the manufacturer nor the retailer shall be liable for any incidental or consequential damages resulting from defects or failures of the instrument to perform.

Some states, however, do not allow limitations on the length of implied warranties, or the exclusion of incidental or consequential damages. Therefore, the above limitations and exclusions may not apply to you.

In addition, the stated warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

**White's Electronic's, Inc.
1011 Pleasant Valley Rd.
Sweet Home, OR 97386**

A National Service Program

The Serial Number is a 6-digit number located on the silver tag inside the battery compartment. The code number is a 4-digit number located on the white tag. Your completed warranty card must include the detector Serial Number.

White's Electronics has always been concerned with the absolute quality of its mineral/metal detectors. Service after-the-sale is also of equal importance. In an effort to further the quality of service to our customers, White's reorganized its warranty service program significantly. There are now four Factory Authorized National Warranty Service Centers located regionally around the continental U.S. These Service Centers are identical to the Factory Service Center in Sweet Home, Oregon. In order to ensure you will get the finest service possible for your detector, the technicians in each National Warranty Service Center are factory trained and given ongoing training for new products and improved service techniques. They can also repair your out of warranty instruments with efficiency and timeliness.

Simply return the detector to the dealer where you purchased the unit. The unit must be accompanied by a completed service coupon provided by your dealer. You must provide proof of date of purchase before the unit is shipped.

If the unit has failed within the first 90 days of purchase, shipping will be prepaid.

If the unit fails after the first 90-day period, the customer is responsible for shipping costs. Please also include \$5.00 for return postage, handling and insurance.

Any repair work performed by other than a White's National Warranty Service Center will automatically void the warranty.

If a problem occurs with your metal detector, first contact the White's dealer who sold it to you.

In many cases, your dealer can solve the problem. If not, the dealer will have your detector repaired under the Warranty Program. All of White's National Service Centers, located throughout the country, are owned and operated by factory trained technicians. These centers are fully equipped and the personnel fully trained with on-going programs at White's in order to service your mineral/metal detector. With this program, the average repair time has actually been reduced from weeks to days!

For the name and location of your nearest Authorized White's Dealer,
call Toll-Free 1-800-547-6911.

Code of Ethics

Treasure hunting is the kind of new hobby that fires the imagination and generates its own enthusiasm. It's the most natural thing in the world to want to dig as fast as you can the minute you hear that first loud "good" signal. It will be a real thrill to discover there's treasure right beneath your feet!

But wait a minute! We strongly urge you to adopt a code of ethics which will preserve the environment and also the rights of treasure hunters to operate detectors with as few restrictions as possible.

Before you even begin a search, check the law, ordinance or regulations about hunting on publicly owned sites. Abide by the rules. If the area is private property, get written permission from the owner to search it. You may find he will be more eager to give permission if you suggest sharing your finds with him, or if you offer to search for a specific item he has lost.

About Digging: In lawn areas, limit the size of the hole to a maximum of two inches in diameter, cutting a plug of sod which can be easily replaced. After you take your finds, be sure to carefully fill the hole. Holes are both unsightly and dangerous!

Detectors designed for locating large and deeply buried objects should be used with discretion - never in the lawn area, and with careful judgement in other locations. Consider the scar you may leave before you start digging. This will vary a lot from one part of the country to another, depending on local soil and climatic conditions. Public officials and private property owners will be much more likely to allow continued treasure hunting if you do no environmental damage. You may even be able to increase your reputation as an ethical hunter by volunteering to carry out and dispose of whatever trash items you find.

Adoption of these attitudes can only enhance the public's opinion of treasure hunters and assure that many areas, both public and private, remain open to you and your new detector.



White's Electronics, Inc.
1011 Pleasant Valley Road
Sweet Home, OR USA 97386
Distribution: (800)-547-6911
Factory: (541) 367-6121
FAX: (541) 367-2968
E-Mail: whites@halcyon.com

white's electronics, inc. 1011 PLEASANT VALLEY ROAD • SWEET HOME, ORE. 97386